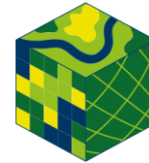


MONITORING TURBIDITY DYNAMICS IN SMALL RESERVOIRS USING REMOTE SENSING TO SUPPORT AGRICULTURE AND AQUACULTURE IN SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA

RUB

RUHR-UNIVERSITÄT BOCHUM

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Geomatics
Urban Remote
Sensing



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⁴ITC, University of Twente

Small Reservoirs

- **Tens of thousands of small reservoirs** <100 ha in Africa (IWMI 2019, Kibret et al. 2021)
- **Inexpensive** and **easy** to construct
- **Farmer-led irrigation** and **aquaculture development**

→ **Resilience, food and water security**



Water Quality

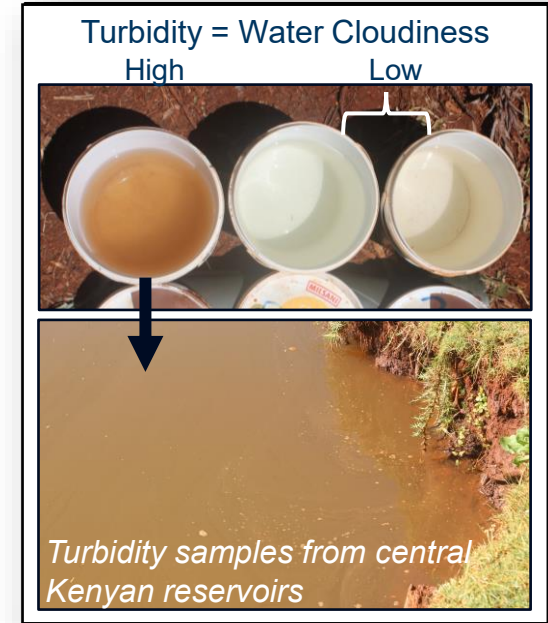


Reservoir in Nyeri county, Kenya.

- Applicable **water quality assessment**
- **Transferable** and **scalable approaches**

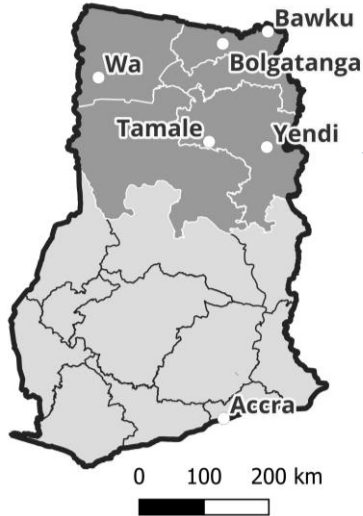
Approach

- **Turbidity** → light availability; suspended detritus and non-algal sediments (Nechad et al. 2010)
- **Measurement** in Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTU)
- Indicates **overall water quality**
- **Sentinel-2 & C2RCC processor** in SNAP (Brockman et al. 2016)



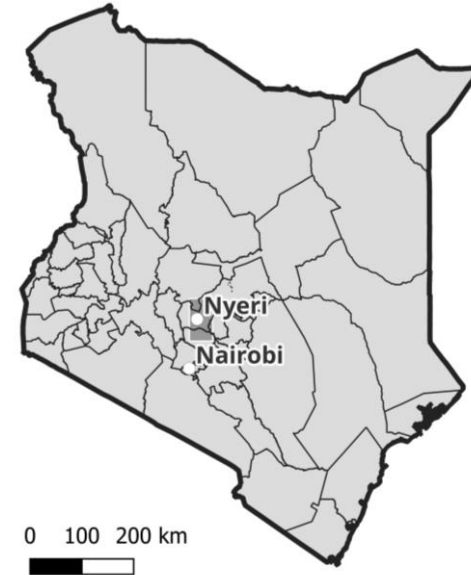
Study Sites

- Study site: **Northern Ghana**
- **~165,000 km², 3,079 reservoirs**
- **Aquaculture** development



→ **Scale** turbidity assessment

- Study site: **Central Kenya**
- **~3,700 km², 34 reservoirs**
- **Agriculture** development



→ **Develop** EO-based turbidity **assessment**
and **prediction** workflow

Kenya: Workflow

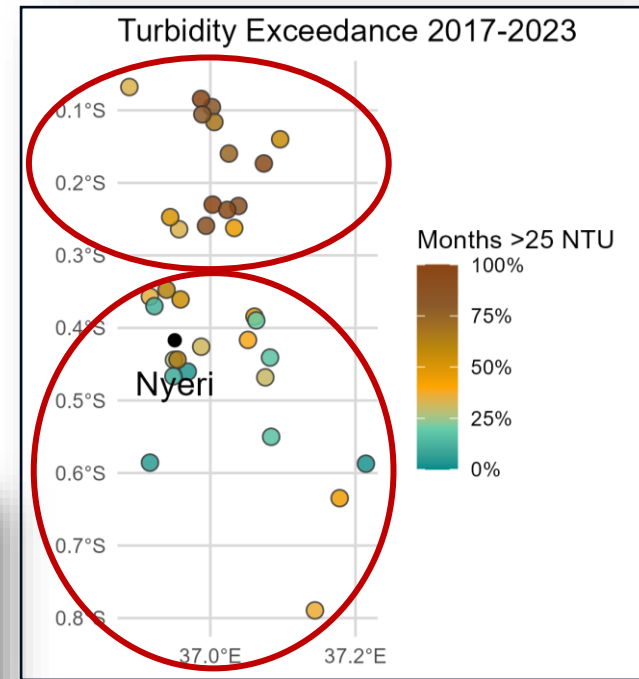
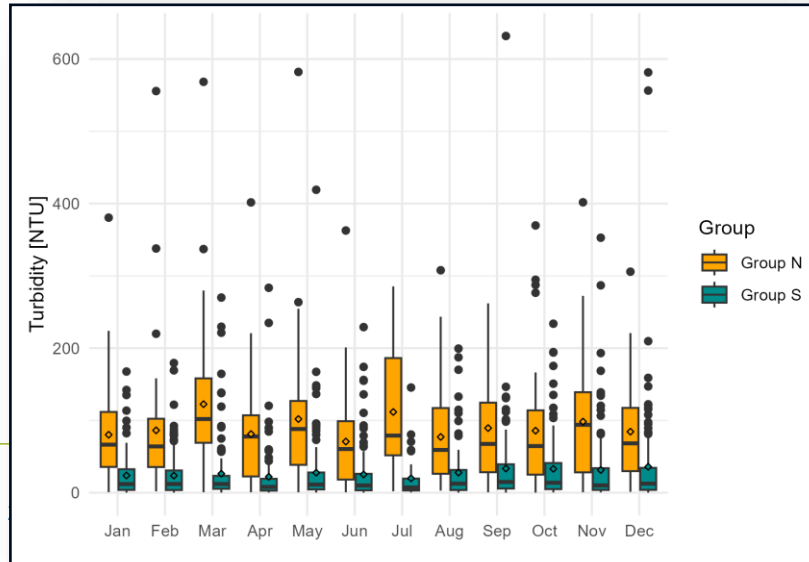
- **Turbidity assessment:**
 - Sentinel-2 MSI 1C 2017-2023 to **monthly turbidity dynamics** with parameterized C2RCC
- **Turbidity prediction:**
 - EO-based **predictors**: meteorology, topography, volume, land cover, land use (Wetland Use Intensity, WUI*)
 - ML-based **predictions** and **variable importance** for **annual** and **long-term** analyses

**Franke et al., 2012, Steinbach et al., 2023.*



Kenya: Results

- Exceedance of safe turbidity threshold
- Cluster identification



Turbidity limit exceedance.

Clusters with differing turbidity dynamics.

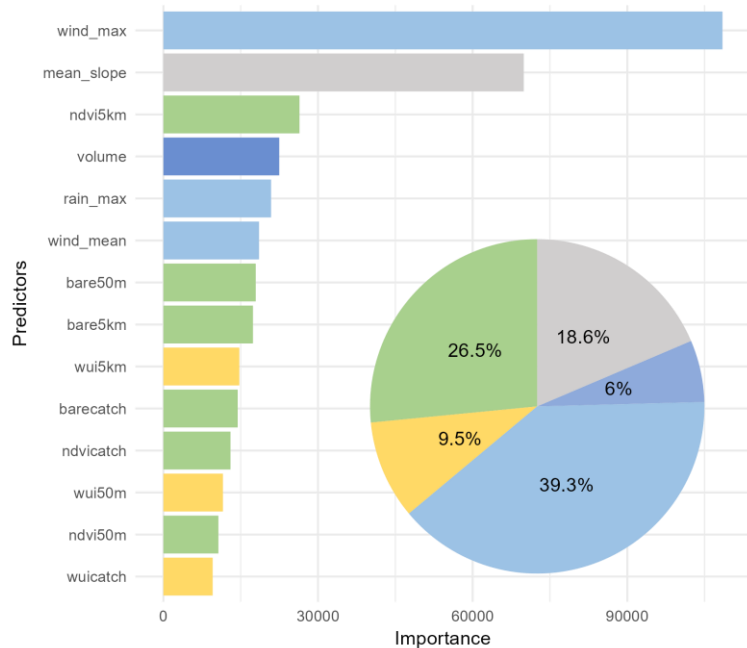
C2RCC model: $R^2 = 0.76$,
nRMSE = 13.9% (n = 45)

Steinbach et al., 2024.
Steinbach et al., 2025.

A Annual Analysis (n = 186)

Random Forest

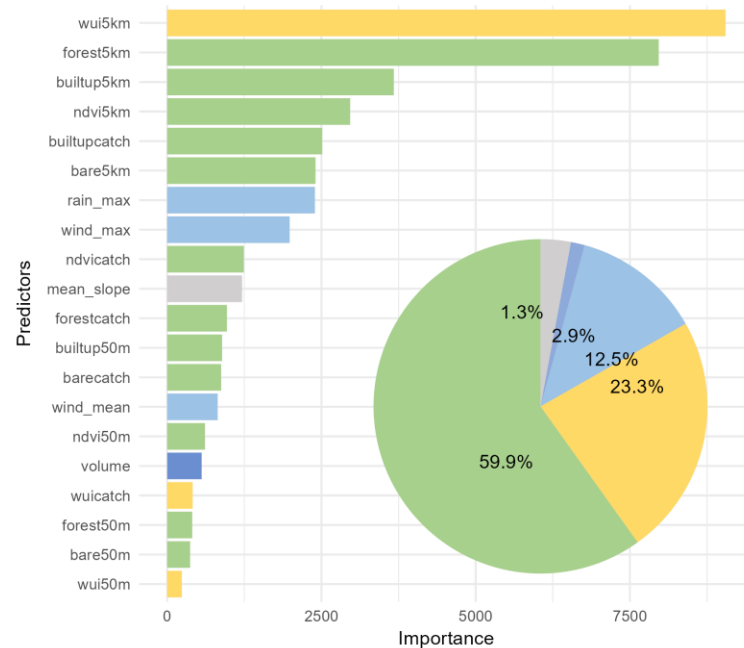
$R^2=0.46$, $RMSE=35.36$, $nRMSE=0.18$
 $mtry=4$, $ntree=100$, $train/test=0.75$



B Long-term Analysis 2017-2023 (n = 29)

Random Forest

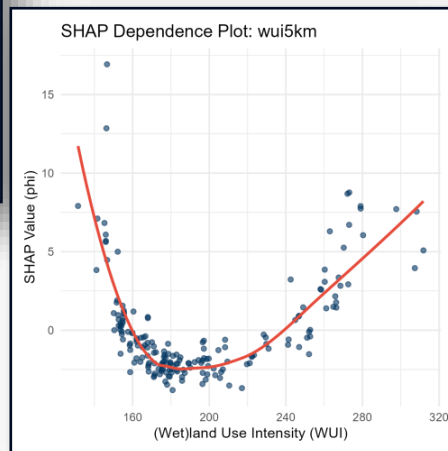
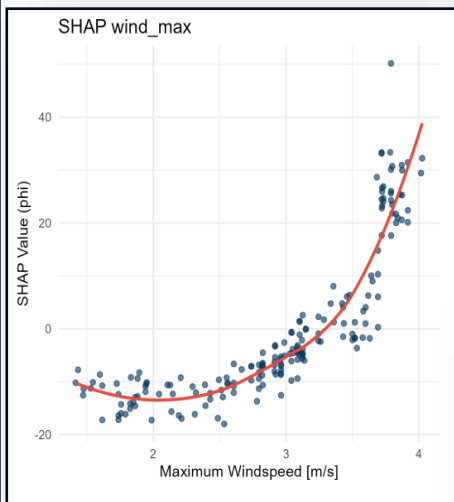
$R^2=0.88$, $RMSE=27.71$, $nRMSE=0.22$
 $mtry=4$, $ntree=100$, $train/test=0.75$



A Annual and B long-term RF averaged predictor importances and accuracy metrics

A

Annual Analysis (n = 186)

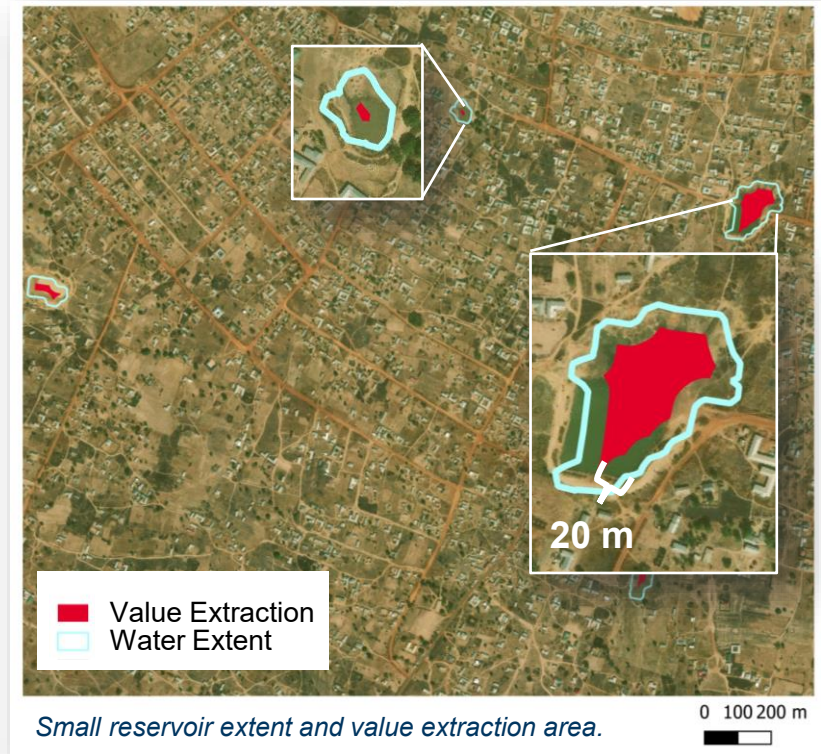


- Identify **problematic patterns**
- **Targeted** interventions
- Inform **(agricultural) land management**

A Annual analysis-based SHAP dependance plots.

Ghana: Workflow

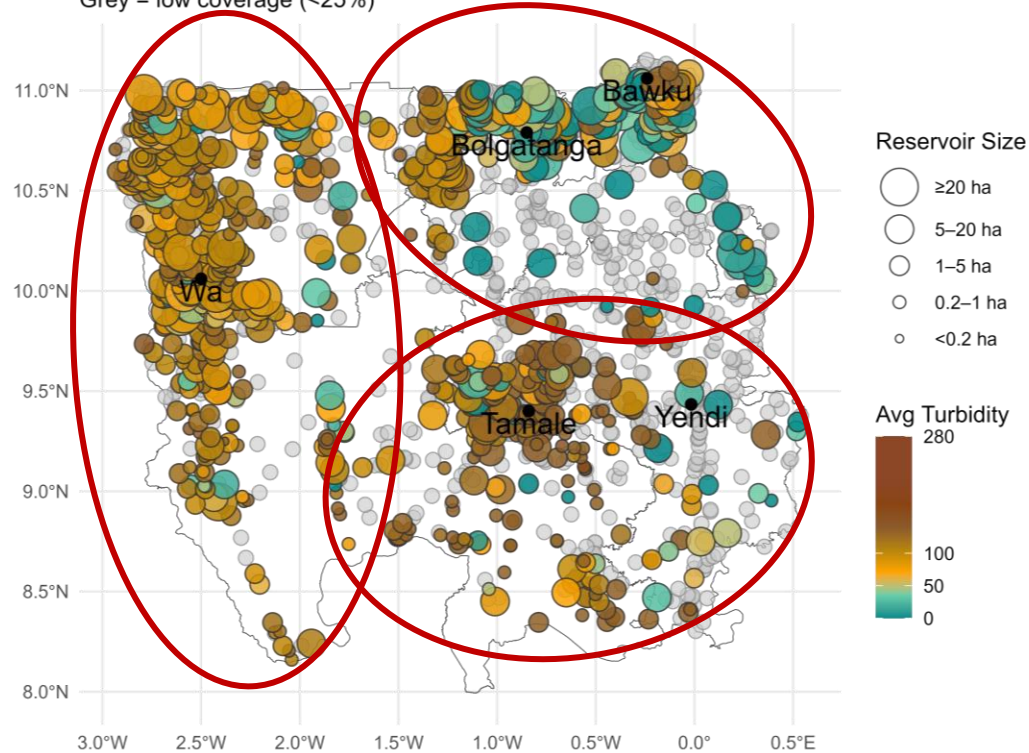
- Small reservoir **water extent** survey 2017-2023
(IWM 2023)
- **Default C2RCC parameters**
- Matching data with **closest date** from survey,
extraction with **20 m inside buffer**



Ghana: Results

Average Turbidity per Reservoir

Grey = low coverage (<25%)

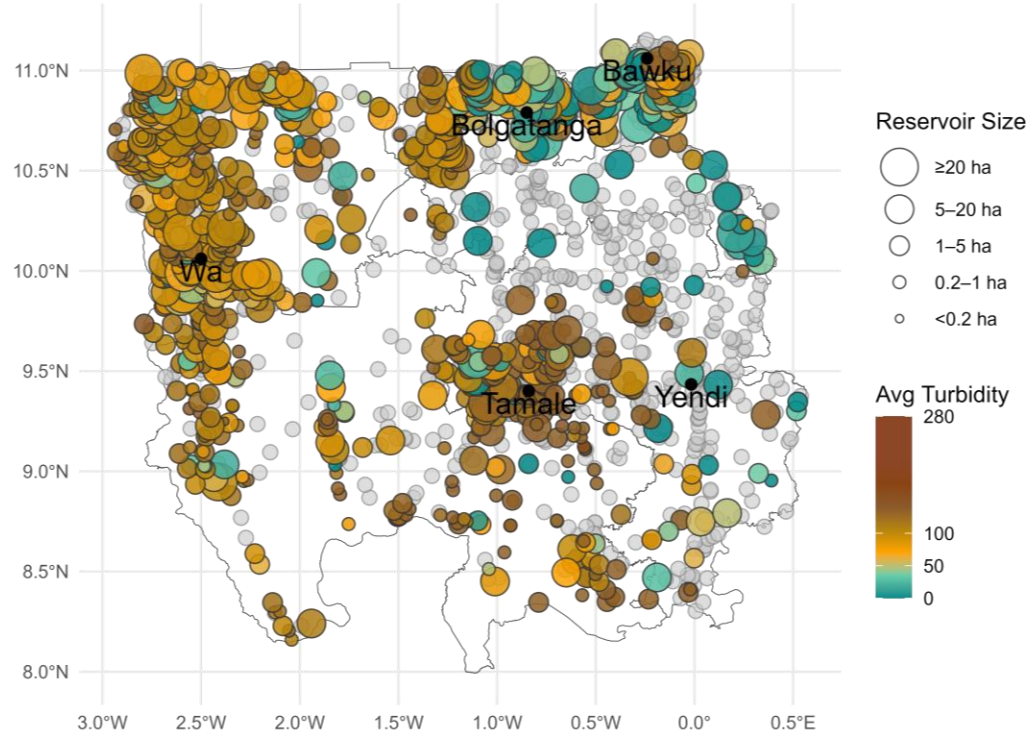


- **3,079 → 1,052 reservoirs** with sufficient values

Ghana: Results

Average Turbidity per Reservoir

Grey = low coverage (<25%)



- **Scaling** for >1,000 small reservoirs

Next steps:

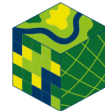
- **Understanding** the clusters
- **In-situ validation** campaign
- Defining **suitable turbidity** indicators to match **aquaculture** requirements



Conclusions & Recommendations



- EO workflows to efficiently complement water **quantity** and water **quality** assessments
- Assessments and thresholds **adapted to water use**
- Identify **patterns** and **inform management**
- **Advance knowledge** around the **complexity** of small reservoir systems



Thank you for your kind attention!



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Steinbach, S., Hentschel, E., Hentze, K., Rienow, A., Umulisa, V., Zwart, S.J., Nelson, A., 2023. Automatization and evaluation of a remote sensing-based indicator for wetland health assessment in East Africa on national and local scales. *Ecological Informatics* 75, 102032. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoinf.2023.102032>

Saruchera, D., Lautze, J., 2019. Small reservoirs in Africa: a review and synthesis to strengthen future investment. International Water Management Institute (IWMI). <https://doi.org/10.5337/2019.209>

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Steinbach, S., Bartels, A., Rienow, A., Thiong'o Kuria, B., Zwart, S.J., Nelson, A., 2025. Predicting turbidity dynamics in small reservoirs in central Kenya using remote sensing and machine learning. *International Journal of Applied Earth Observation and Geoinformation* 136, 104390. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jag.2025.104390>

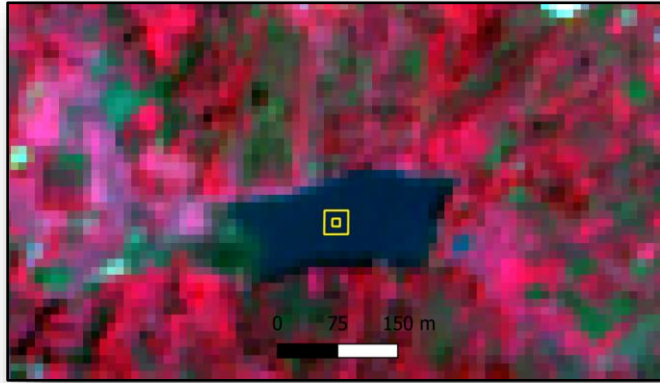
Kibret, S., McCartney, M., Lautze, J., Nhamo, L., Yan, G., 2021. The impact of large and small dams on malaria transmission in four basins in Africa. *Sci. Rep.* 11, 13355. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-021-92924-3>

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Brockmann, C., Doerffer, R., Peters, M., Stelzer, K., Embacher, S., Ruescas, A., 2016. Evolution of the C2RCC Neural Network for Sentinel 2 and 3 for the Retrieval of Ocean Colour Products in Normal and Extreme Optically Complex Waters, in: *Proceedings. Presented at the Living Planet Symposium, ESA-SP, Prague, Czech Republic*, p. 54.

Nechad, B., Ruddick, K.G., Park, Y., 2010. Calibration and validation of a generic multisensor algorithm for mapping of total suspended matter in turbid waters. *Remote Sensing of Environment* 114, 854–866. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rse.2009.11.022>

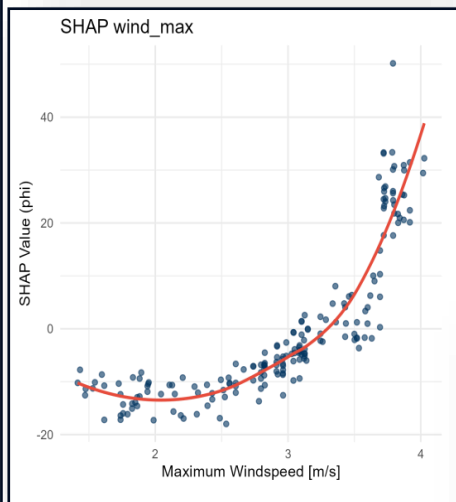
Approach



False-colour Sentinel-2 image of a Kenyan dam with 3x3 pixel window.

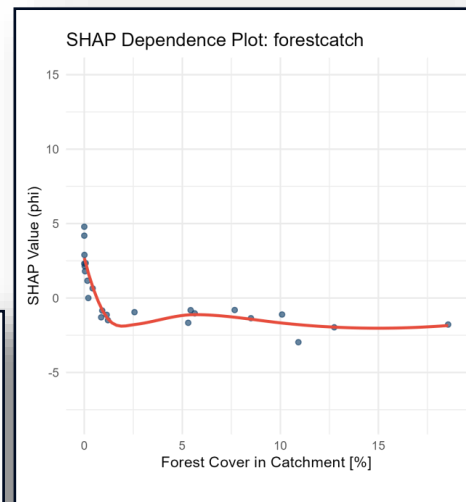
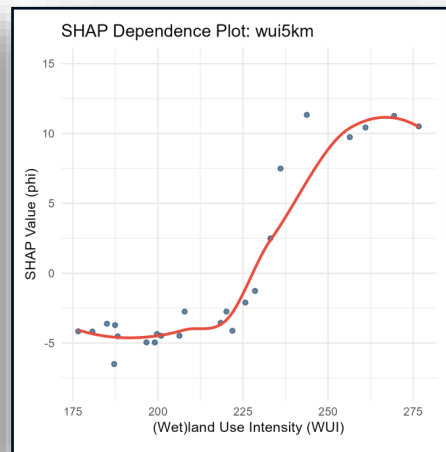
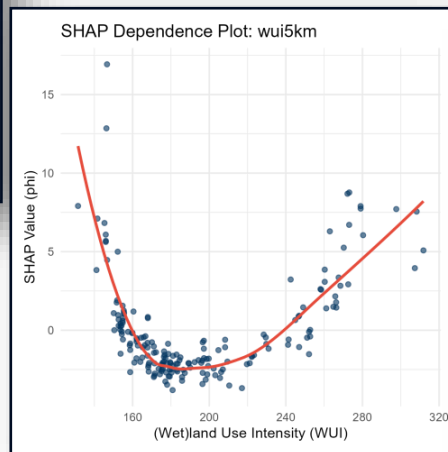
- **C2RCC processor in SNAP** (Brockman et al. 2016)
- **Inverts radiative transfer simulations** using neural networks to derive Inherent Optical Properties (IOPs)
- **Improved transferability** compared to purely statistical models
- 45 match-ups from an averaged **3x3 pixel window**

A Annual Analysis (n = 186)

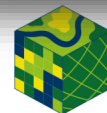


SHapley Additive exPlanations (SHAP)

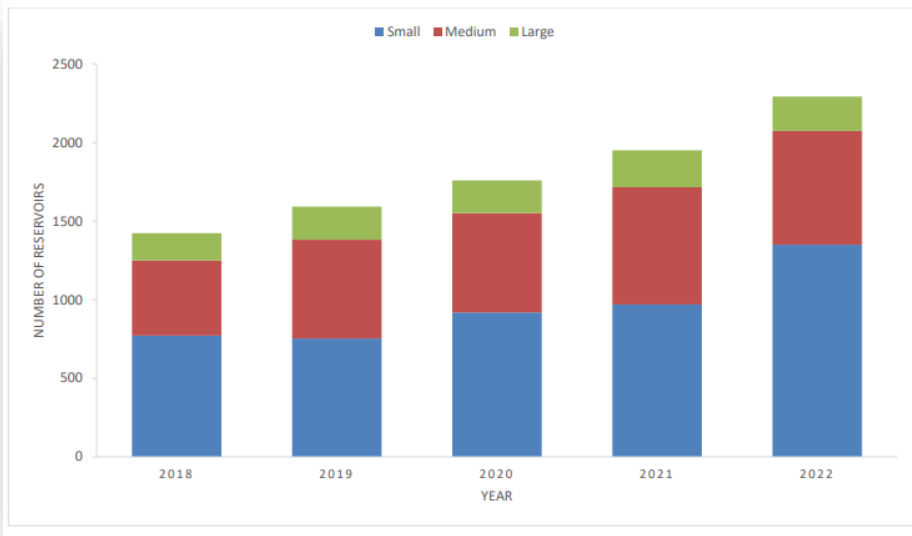
(Lundberg & Lee 2017)



A Annual and B long-term analysis-based SHAP dependance plots.



Ghana: Workflow



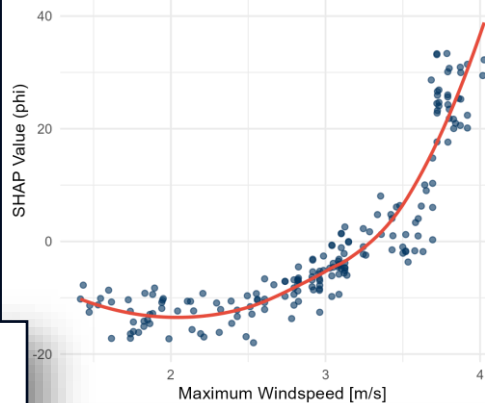
*Number of reservoirs by size at the beginning of dry year.
Source: IWMI 2023.*

IWMI small reservoir survey 2017-2023:

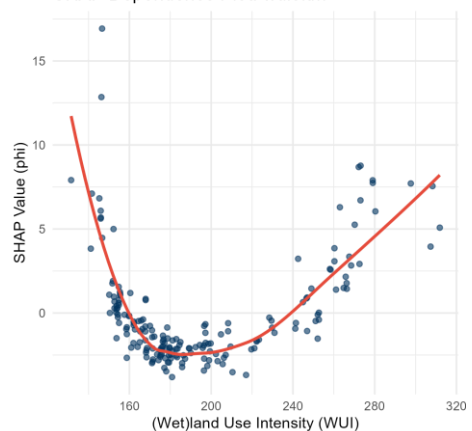
- Sentinel-2 based **detection**, maximum **extent (median = 0.5 ha)**
- ~50% at **very high risk of drying up**
- **3,079 reservoirs**

(IWMI 2023)

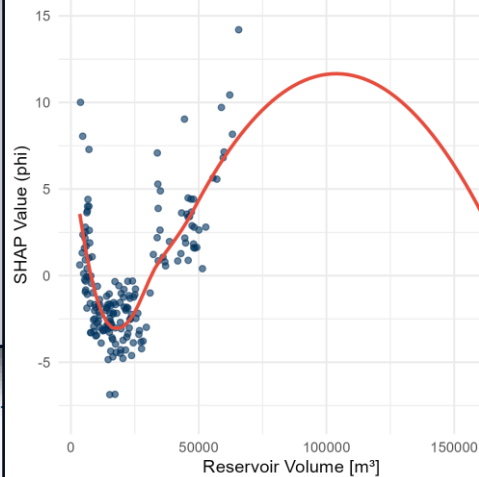
SHAP wind_max



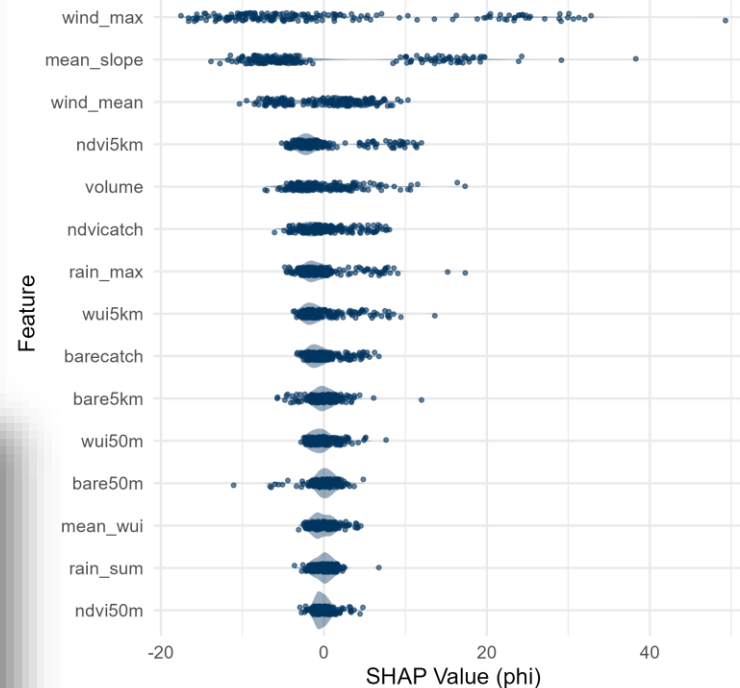
SHAP Dependence Plot: wui5km



SHAP Dependence Plot: volume



SHAP Values Annual Analysis (n = 186)



A SHAP Values for RF Model 2017-2023 (n

